

# Precision, Zero-Drift, Rail-to-Rail Out, High-Voltage(32V) Operational Amplifier

## 1 FEATURES

- **Gain-Bandwidth Product: 2.0MHz**
- **Low Offset Voltage: 50 $\mu$ V (Max)**
- **Input Offset Drift:  $\pm$ 0.15 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C**
- **Low Input Noise: 0.6 $\mu$ Vpp (0.1Hz to 10Hz)**
- **Low Supply Current: 4mA (TYP)**
- **Rail to Rail Output**
- **Excellent DC Precision:**
  - PSRR: 130dB
  - CMRR: 120dB
  - Open-Loop Gain: 130dB
- **Single-Supply Operation: 3.3V to 32V**
- **Dual-Supply Operation:  $\pm$ 1.65V to  $\pm$ 16V**
- **SPECIFIED UP TO +125 $^{\circ}$ C**
- **Micro SIZE PACKAGES: SOP14**

## 2 APPLICATIONS

- **Temperature Measurements**
- **Semiconductor Test**
- **Pressure Sensors**
- **Medical Equipment**
- **Test Equipment**
- **Driving A/D Converters**
- **Precision Current Sensing**

## 3 DESCRIPTIONS

The RS8654 series of CMOS operational amplifiers use auto-zero techniques to simultaneously provide very low offset voltage (50 $\mu$ V max) and near-zero drift over time and temperature. This family of amplifiers has ultra-low noise, offset and power.

This miniature, high-precision operational amplifiers offset high input impedance and rail-to-rail output swing. With high gain-bandwidth product of 2.0MHz and slew rate of 1.0V/ $\mu$ s. Either single or dual supplies can be used in the range from 3.3V to 32V ( $\pm$ 1.65V to  $\pm$ 16V).

The RS8654 families of operational amplifiers are specified at the full temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C.

**Device Information <sup>(1)</sup>**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE(NOM)
RS8654	SOP14	8.65mm $\times$ 3.90mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

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## 4 Revision History

Note: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

VERSION	Change Date	Change Item
A.1	2022/12/05	Initial version completed
A.2	2023/05/22	Update Vos PARAMETER on Page 7@RevA.1
A.3	2023/12/25	1.Delete TSSOP14 PACKAGE 2.Add Figure 13. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs Frequency 3.Add MSL on Page 4@RevA.2
A.3.1	2024/03/01	Modify packaging naming

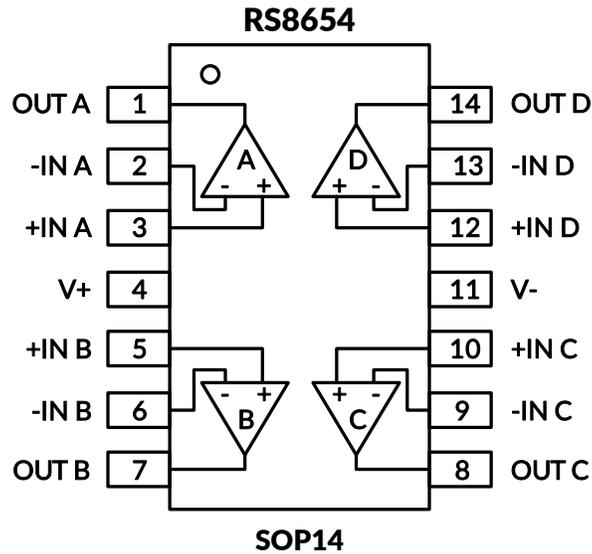
**5 PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION <sup>(1)</sup>**

Orderable Device	Package Type	Pin	Channel	Op Temp(°C)	Device Marking <sup>(2)</sup>	MSL <sup>(3)</sup>	Package Qty
RS8654XP	SOP14	14	4	-40°C ~125°C	RS8654	MSL3	Tape and Reel,4000

## NOTE:

- (1) This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the right-hand navigation.
- (2) There may be additional marking, which relates to the lot trace code information (data code and vendor code), the logo or the environmental category on the device.
- (3) MSL, The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications.

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions (Top View)



### Pin Description

NAME	PIN	I/O <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
	SOP14		
-INA	2	I	Inverting input, channel A
+INA	3	I	Noninverting input, channel A
-INB	6	I	Inverting input, channel B
+INB	5	I	Noninverting input, channel B
-INC	9	I	Inverting input, channel C
+INC	10	I	Noninverting input, channel C
-IND	13	I	Inverting input, channel D
+IND	12	I	Noninverting input, channel D
OUTA	1	O	Output, channel A
OUTB	7	O	Output, channel B
OUTC	8	O	Output, channel C
OUTD	14	O	Output, channel D
V-	11	-	Negative (lowest) power supply
V+	4	-	Positive (highest) power supply

(1) I = Input, O = Output.

## 7 SPECIFICATIONS

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
Voltage	Supply, $V_S=(V+) - (V-)$	Dual supply	±18	V	
		Single supply	36		
	Signal input pin <sup>(2)</sup>	Common-mode voltage	(V-)-0.5		(V+) +0.5
		Differential voltage			±0.7
Signal output pin <sup>(3)</sup>		(V-)-0.5	(V+) +0.5		
Current	Signal input pin <sup>(2)</sup>	-10	10	mA	
	Signal output pin <sup>(3)</sup>	-50	50	mA	
	Output short-circuits <sup>(4)</sup>	Continuous			
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(5)</sup>	SOP14	104.5	°C/W	
Temperature	Operating range, $T_A$		-40	125	°C
	Junction, $T_J$ <sup>(6)</sup>		-40	150	
	Storage, $T_{stg}$		-65	150	

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

(2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

(3) Output terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Output signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to ±50mA or less.

(4) Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.

(5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JEDEC-51.

(6) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ ,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / R_{\theta JA}$ . All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PCB.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

The following ESD information is provided for handling of ESD-sensitive devices in an ESD protected area only.

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±3000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1500	
		Machine Model (MM)	±500	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500 V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250 V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



### ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_S=(V+) - (V-)$	Single-supply	3.3		32	V
	Dual-supply	±1.65		±16	

## 7.4 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 3.3\text{V}$  to  $32\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , and  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , Full <sup>(9)</sup> =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	$T_J$	RS8654			UNIT	
			MIN <sup>(2)</sup>	TYP <sup>(3)</sup>	MAX <sup>(2)</sup>		
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>							
$V_S$	Operating Voltage Range	$25^\circ\text{C}$	3.3		32	V	
IQ	Quiescent Current	$V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$ , $I_o = 0\text{mA}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		4.0	5.6	mA
			Full			6.0	
		$V_S = \pm 16\text{V}$ , $I_o = 0\text{mA}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		5.0	8.0	
			Full			10.0	
PSRR	Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = 5\text{V}$ to $32\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	110	130		dB
			Full	100			
<b>INPUT</b>							
Vos	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = V_S/2$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	-50	$\pm 3$	50	$\mu\text{V}$
			Full		$\pm 25$		
$V_{OS} T_C$	Input Offset Voltage Average Drift	$V_{CM} = V_S/2$	Full		$\pm 0.15$		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
IB	Input Bias Current <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	$V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		100	1000	pA
			Full		600		
Ios	Input Offset Current <sup>(4)</sup>	$V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		100		pA
			Full		600		
$V_{CM}$	Common-Mode Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 16\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	(V-)		(V+)-1.5	V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 16\text{V}$ $V_{CM} = (V-) + 0.3$ to $(V+) - 1.5\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	95	120		dB
			Full	90			
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
AOL	Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ $V_O = (V-) + 0.4\text{V}$ to $(V+) - 0.4\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	100	130		dB
			Full	90			
$V_{OH}$	Output Swing from Rail	$V_S = \pm 16\text{V}$ , $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	15.80			V
$V_{OL}$			$25^\circ\text{C}$			-15.70	
Isc	Short-Circuit Current <sup>(6)(7)</sup>	$V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$ , $V_o = 0\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 16\text{V}$ , $V_o = 0\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$	15	20		mA
				60	80		
$R_o$	Open-Loop Output Impedance <sup>(4)</sup>	$f = 1\text{MHz}$ , $I_o = 0\text{mA}$			120		$\Omega$
$C_{LOAD}$	Capacitive Load Drive <sup>(4)</sup>				1		nF
<b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b>							
SR	Slew Rate <sup>(8)</sup>	$V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$ , $G = +1$ , $C_L = 100\text{pF}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		1.0		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0		MHz
$t_s$	Settling Time, 0.1%	$V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$ , $G = +1$ , $C_L = 100\text{pF}$ , Step=2V	$25^\circ\text{C}$		6.6		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{OR}$	Overload Recovery Time	$V_{IN} \cdot \text{Gain} \geq V_S$ , $G = -10$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		1.6		$\mu\text{s}$
<b>NOISE</b>							
$E_n$	Input Voltage Noise	$f = 0.1\text{Hz}$ to $10\text{Hz}$ , $V_S = \pm 2.5\text{V}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		0.6		$\mu\text{Vpp}$
$e_n$	Input Voltage Noise Density <sup>(4)</sup>	$f = 1\text{KHz}$	$25^\circ\text{C}$		30		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 10\text{KHz}$			14		

## NOTE:

- (1) Electrical table values apply only for factory testing conditions at the temperature indicated. Factory testing conditions result in very limited self-heating of the device.
- (2) Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are ensured through correlations using statistical quality control (SQC) method.
- (3) Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration.
- (4) This parameter is ensured by design and/or characterization and is not tested in production.
- (5) Positive current corresponds to current flowing into the device.
- (6) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ ,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is  $PD = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / R_{\theta JA}$ . All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PCB.
- (7) Short circuit test is a momentary test.
- (8) Number specified is the slower of positive and negative slew rates.
- (9) Specified by characterization only.

### 7.5 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOTE: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only.

At  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 5\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.

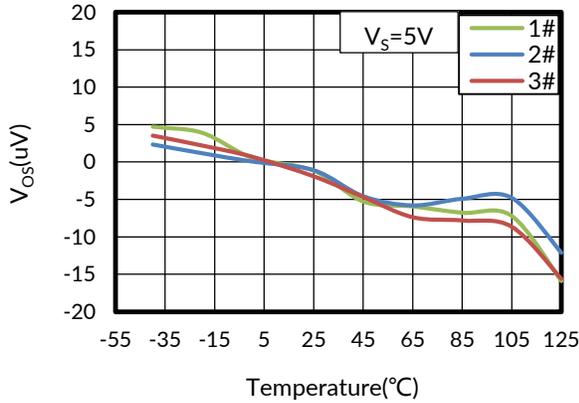


Figure 1. Offset Voltage vs Temperature

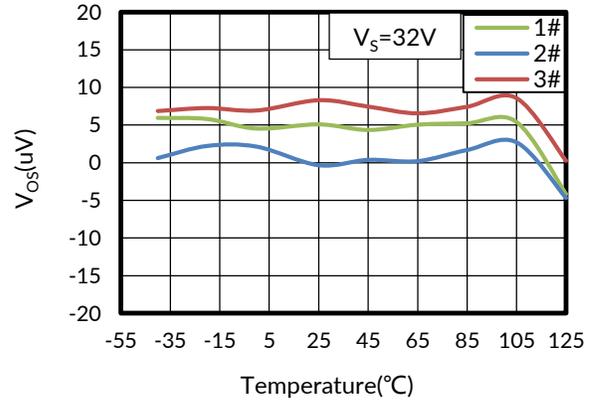


Figure 2. Offset Voltage vs Temperature

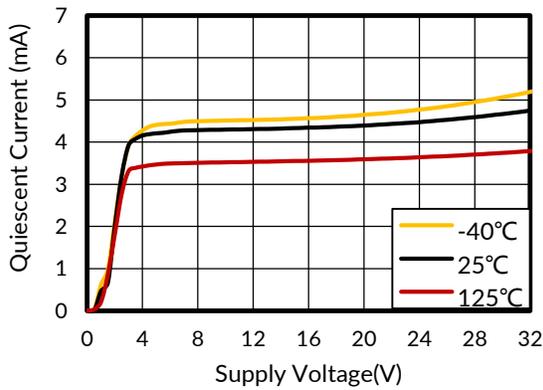


Figure 3. Supply Voltage vs Quiescent Current

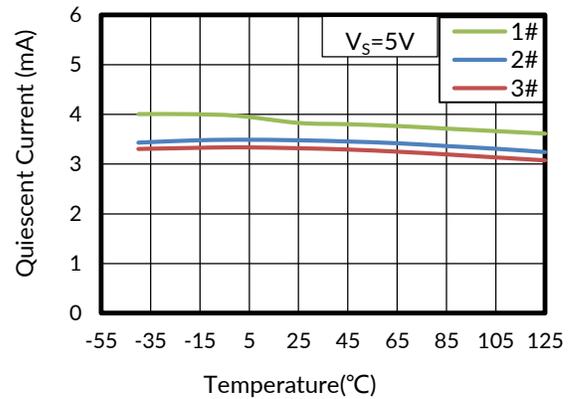


Figure 4. Quiescent Current vs Temperature

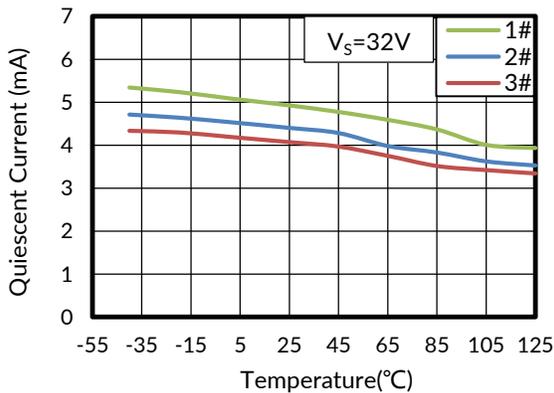


Figure 5. Quiescent Current vs Temperature

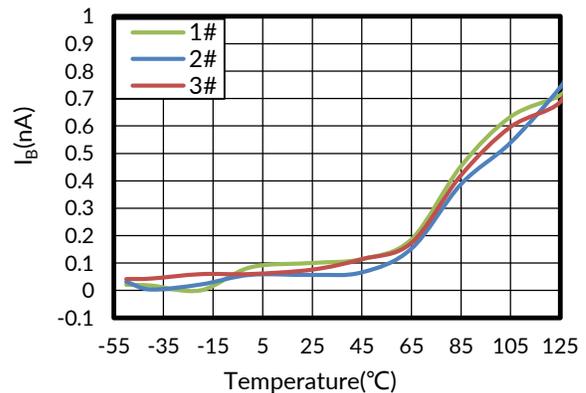


Figure 6. Input Bias Current vs Temperature

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOTE: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only.

At  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 5\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.

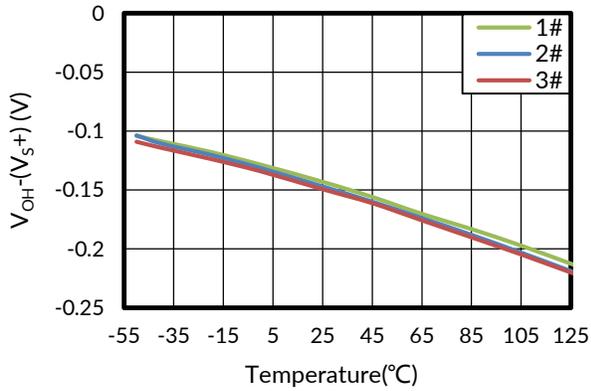


Figure 7. Output Swing From Rail vs Temperature

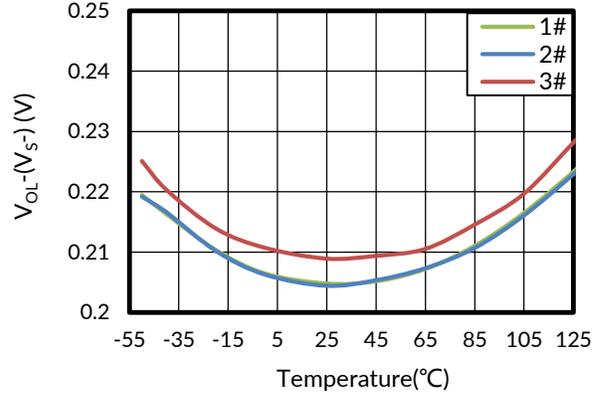


Figure 8. Output Swing From Rail vs Temperature

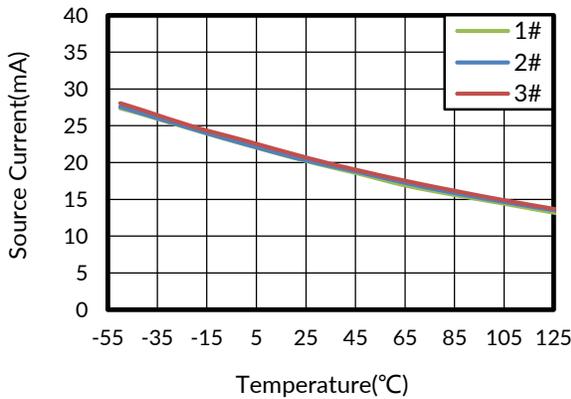


Figure 9. Source Current vs Temperature

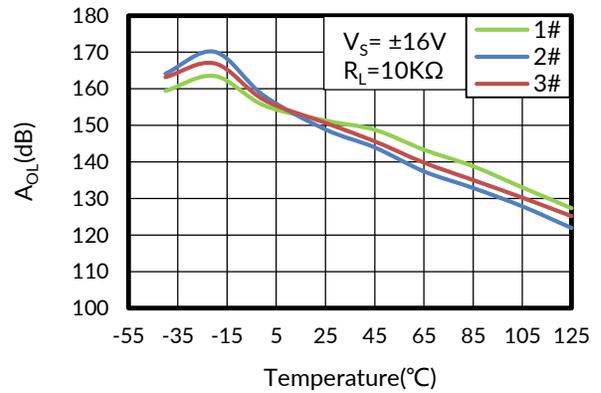


Figure 10. Open-Loop Gain vs Temperature

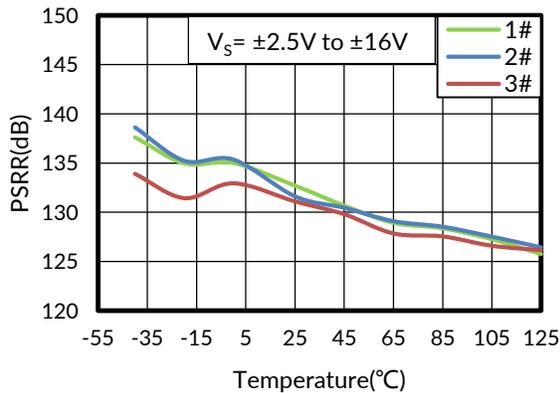


Figure 11. Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs Temperature

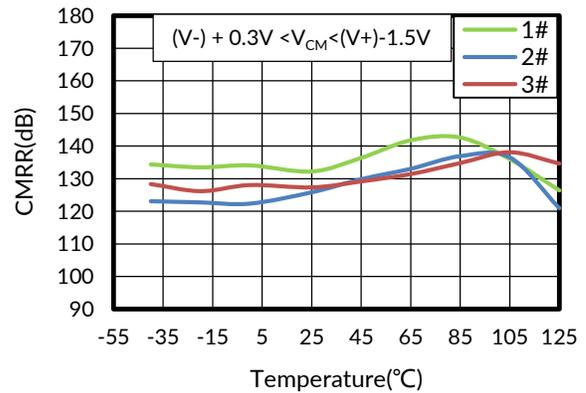
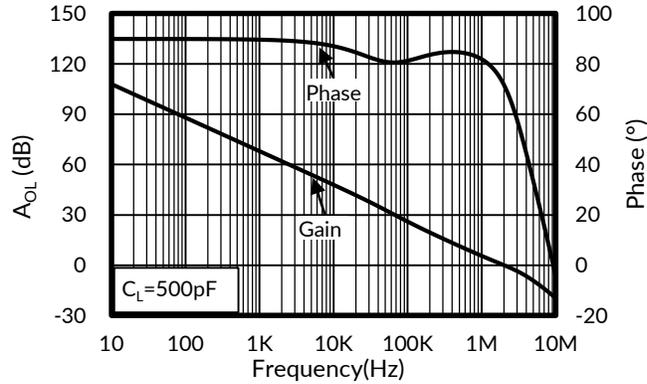


Figure 12. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Temperature

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

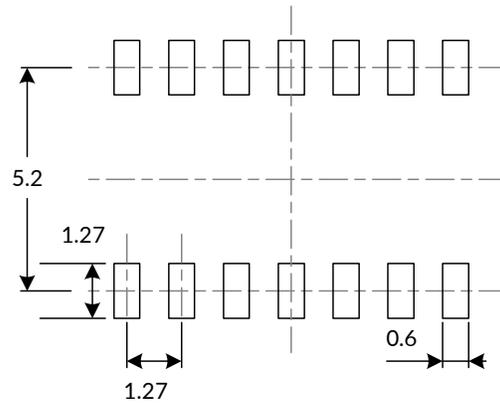
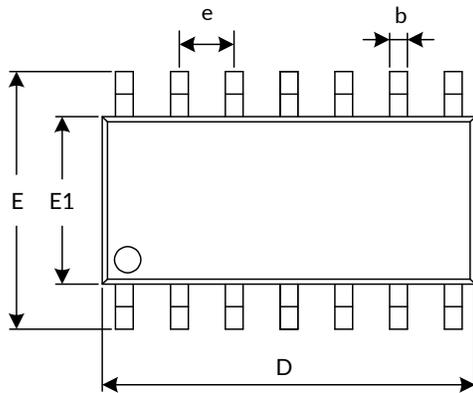
NOTE: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only.

At  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 5\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.

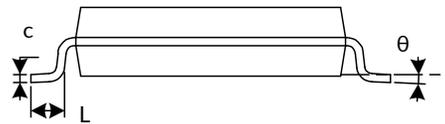
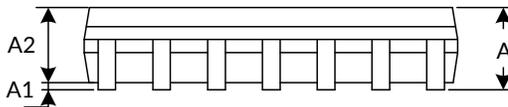


**Figure 13. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs Frequency**

## 8 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOP14 <sup>(3)</sup>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



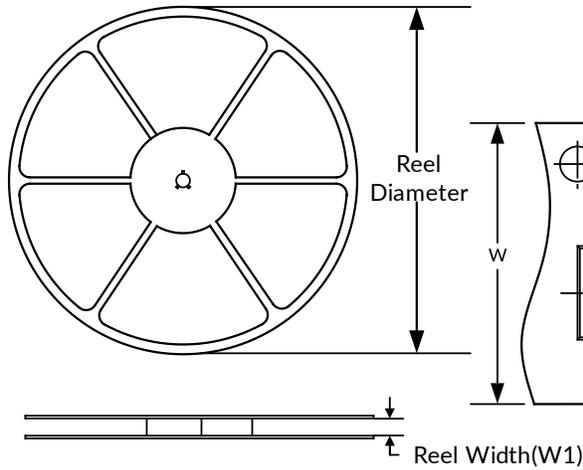
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A <sup>(1)</sup>	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.310	0.510	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
D <sup>(1)</sup>	8.450	8.850	0.333	0.348
e	1.270(BSC) <sup>(2)</sup>		0.050(BSC) <sup>(2)</sup>	
E	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
E1 <sup>(1)</sup>	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
$\theta$	0°	8°	0°	8°

NOTE:

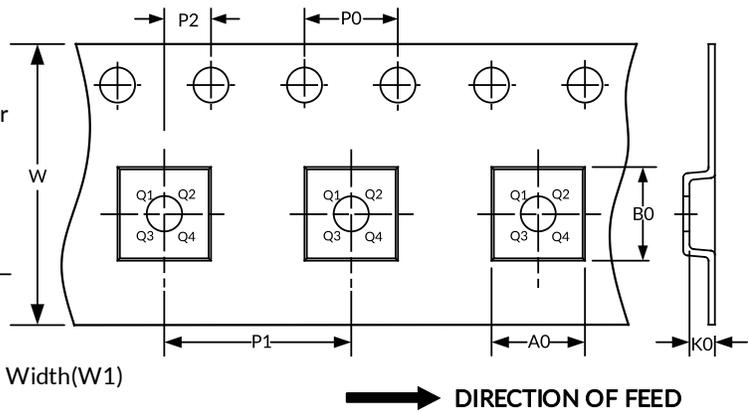
1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.
2. BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
3. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

## 9 TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### REEL DIMENSIONS



### TAPE DIMENSION



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOP14	13"	16.4	6.60	9.30	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	16.0	Q1

NOTE:

1. All dimensions are nominal.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.

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